





CAN Dashboard

"Health" &
"Economic/Educational
Opportunity"

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2025 CAN DASHBOARD RELEASE

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2024 CAN Dashboard Presentation Data & Research Round-Up – October 8, 2025





CAN is a partnership of governmental, non-profit, private and faith-based organizations which leverage mutual resources to collectively improve social, health, educational and economic opportunities in our community.

C.A.N. – NETWORK MEMBERS

GOVERNMENT
City of Austin
City of Pflugerville
Travis County

K-12 EDUCATION
Austin ISD

Del Valle ISD Manor ISD HOUSING & TRANSPORTATION

Housing Authority of the City of Austin Capital Metro

HEALTH

Ascension Seton
Central Health
Integral Care
St. David's Foundation

WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

Goodwill Central Texas
Workforce Solutions—
Capital Area

HIGHER EDUCATION

Austin Community College
Huston-Tillotson University
St. Edward's University
University of Texas

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Asian Chamber
Black Chamber
Greater Austin Chamber
Hispanic Chamber

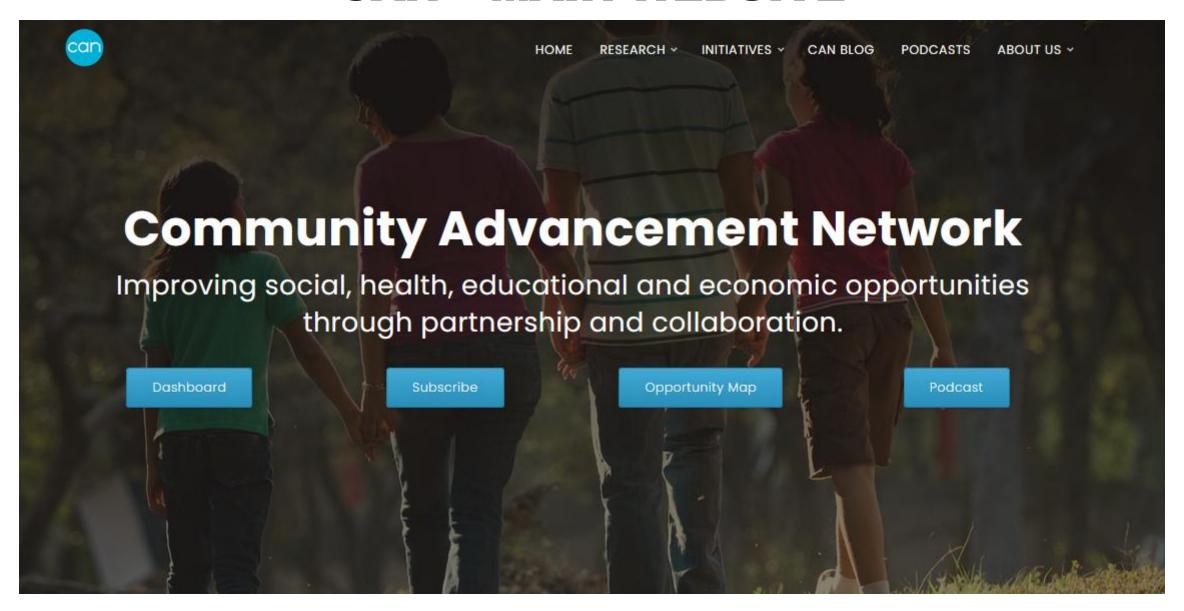
COLLABORATIVE / PHILANTHROPIC

Community Justice Council

Interfaith Action (iACT)

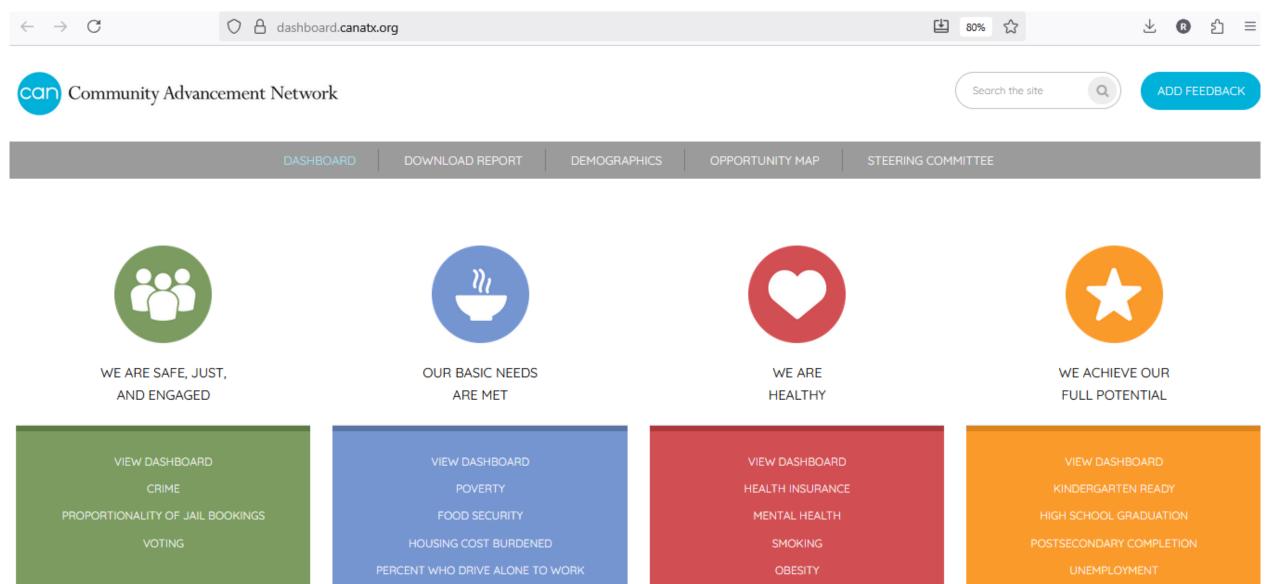
One Voice Central Texas

CAN - MAIN WEBSITE



http://canatx.org/

C.A.N. DASHBOARD INDICATORS

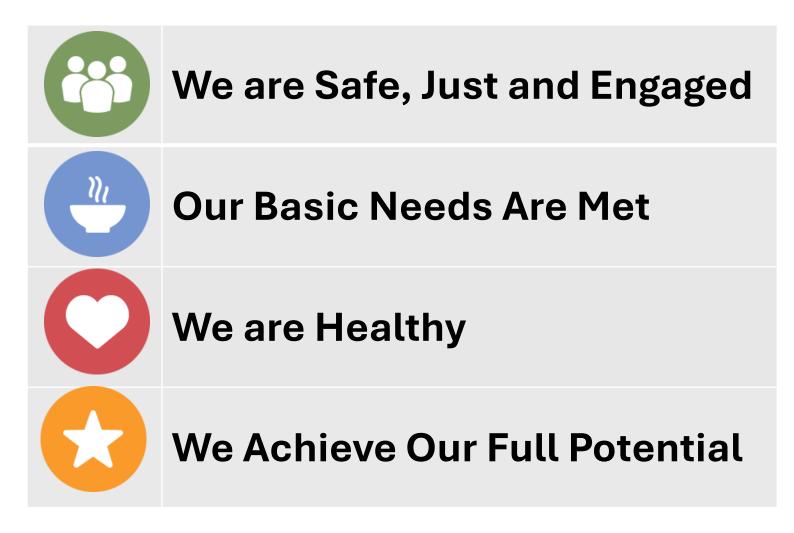


https://dashboard.canatx.org/

AIR QUALITY

HOMELESSNESS

C.A.N. VISION Create a Community of Equity & Opportunity



www.canatx.org/dashboard

CAN DASHBOARD - KEY CONSIDERATIONS

Community-wide indicators don't tell all the story.

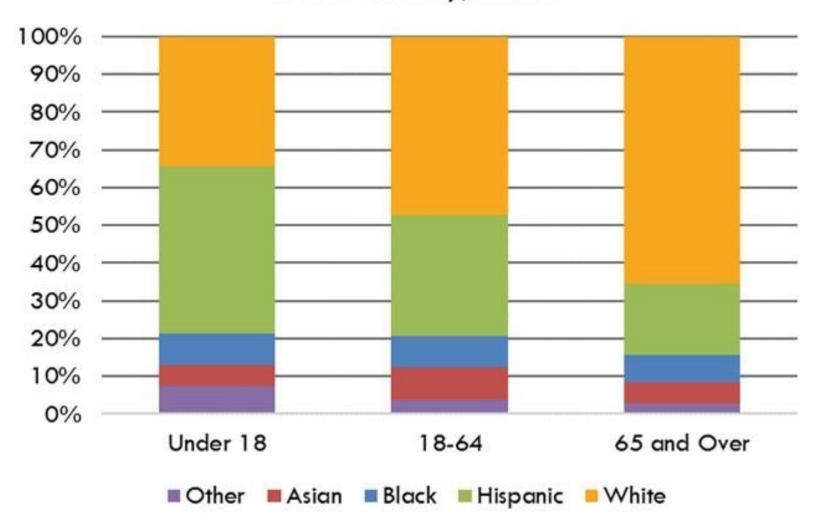
Viewing the data by race/ethnicity often tells a different story. The drill-down on our on-line dashboard can help.

Our youth are a very diverse population, so addressing racial inequality is critical to the future of our community.

Demographic shifts are affecting economic indicators as much (or more) as effortsto address persistent challenges.

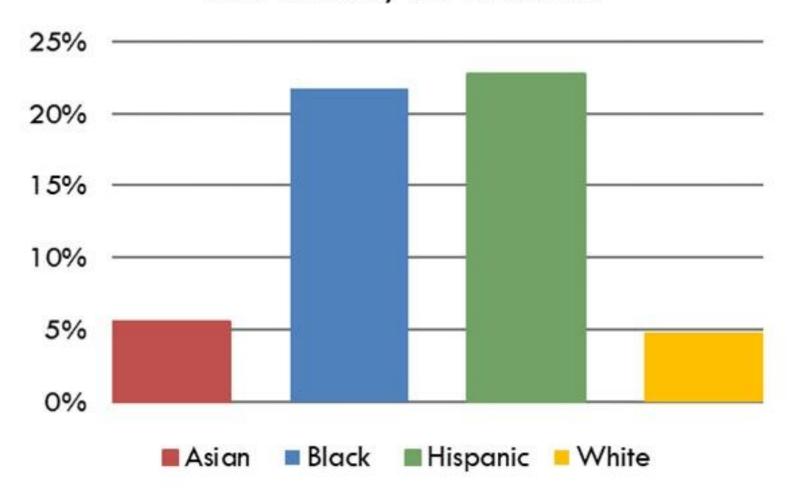
We're still looking for changes to pandemic-era shifts in demographics and outcomes (are they persistent?).

Race & Ethnicity by Age, Travis County, 2022



Source: <u>Table B01001</u>, <u>American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates</u>

Percent of Travis County Children Living Below Poverty Level by Race and Ethnicity 2018-2022



Data Source: <u>Tables B17001B, B17001D, B17001H, and B17001I, 2018-2022</u>
<u>American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates</u>

A CHANGING ECONOMIC LANDSCAPE

About 21% of all people living in the five-county Austin MSA were low-income in 2022. "Low-income" is defined as people who live in a household with total earnings of less than 200% of the Federal Poverty Threshold. In 2022, low-income households earned up to \$59,356 for a family of four with two adults and two children, and \$47,156 for a family of three with one adult and two children. From 2012 to 2022, the Austin MSA grew by 588,166 people, surpassing 2 million people in 2015. This represents a growth of 33%. The number of low-income residents declined by almost 87,000 in the Austin MSA, a 15% reduction over the same time period.

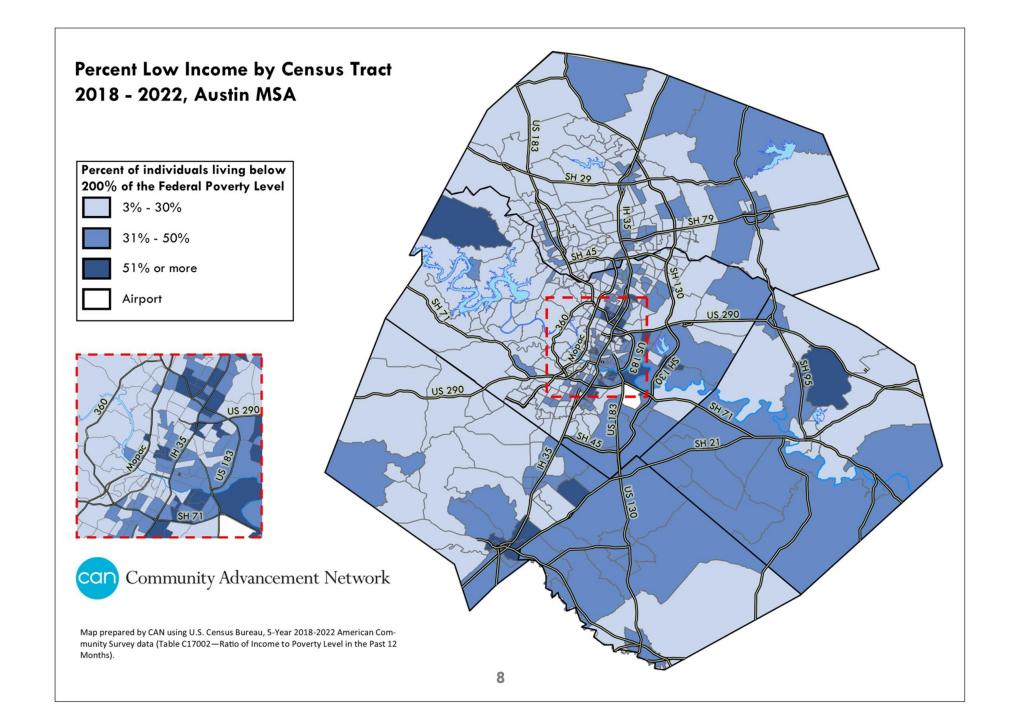
	Low-income 2012	Low-income 2022	% change	
Williamson	105,463	104,193	-1%	
Travis	385,000	287,095	-25%	
Hays	57,745	56,571	-2%	
Bastrop	24,905	38,182	+53%	

Source: American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

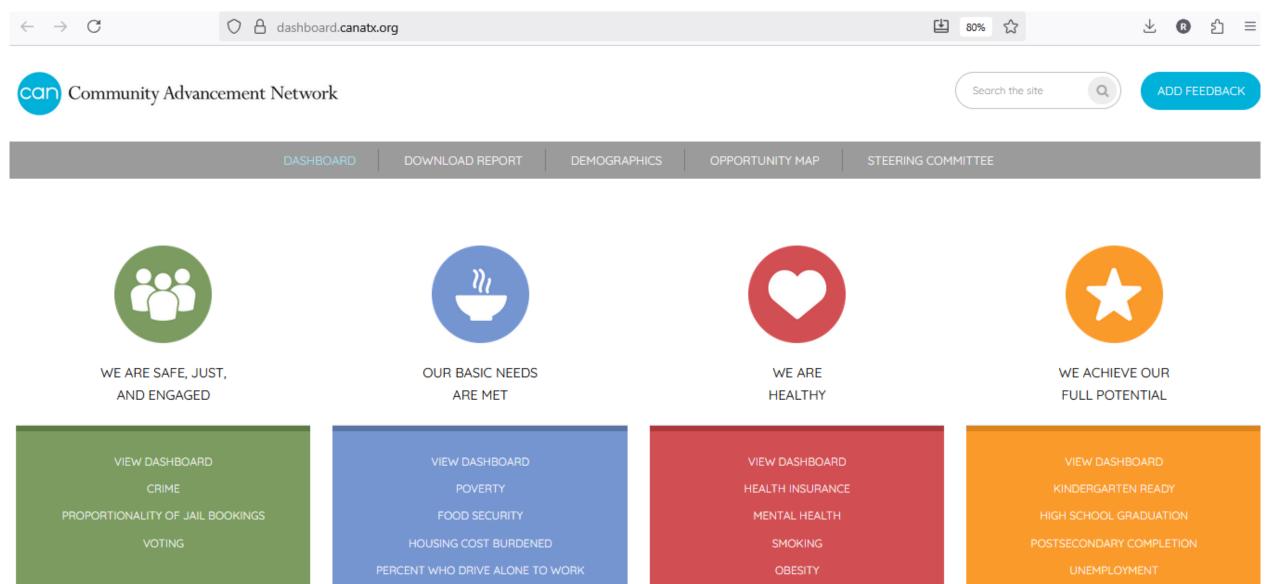
COMPARING MSA COUNTIES

Between 2012 and 2022, the low-income population decreased in the overall Austin MSA. In Travis County, low-income resident numbers dropped by 25%. Meanwhile, the low-income population decreased by 2% in Hays County and by 1% in Williamson county. In Bastrop County, the number of low-income residents increased by 53%. The estimated changes for Hays and Williamson County were not significantly different at the 90% confidence interval.

Caldwell County, the fifth county in Austin's 5-county MSA, isn't represented in the table because ACS 1-Year data is unavailable. The most recent estimate available for Caldwell County is an American Community Survey 3-year estimate for 2011-2013.



C.A.N. DASHBOARD INDICATORS



https://dashboard.canatx.org/

AIR QUALITY

HOMELESSNESS

WE ARE HEALTHY



- We live, work, learn, and play in accessible, safe, clean, and healthy physical environments.
- We have access to goods & services to achieve and maintain optimal physical & emotional well-being.

	5 YEAR BASELINE	MOST RECENT	TARGET	5 YEAR TREND	ON TRACK TO TARGET?
Percent under the age of 65 who have no health insurance	13% in 2018	12% in 2022	1 2% in 2025	BETTER	Y
Percent of adults who report poor men- tal health	24% in 2018	31% in 2022	15% in 2025	WORSE	N
Percent of adults who are obese	29% in 2018	29% in 2022	1 <mark>9%</mark> in 2025	UNCHANGED	N
Percent of adults who smoke	12% in 2018	7% in 2022	10% in 2025	BETTER	Y
Number of days with good air quality	249 in 2019	147 in 2023	279 in 2025	WORSE	N



12% of people under age 65 in Travis County HAVE NO HEALTH INSURANCE

WHERE DO WE STAND?

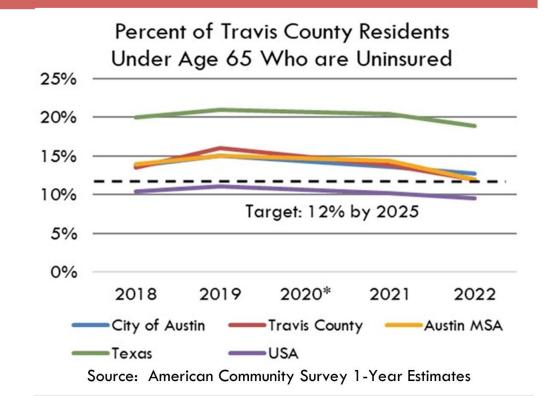
The rate of Travis County residents under the age of 65 without health insurance was 12% in 2022, having decreased from 13% in 2018. After the Affordable Care Act was implemented in 2010, the uninsured rate began to decline locally, in Texas, and nationwide.

In Travis County the uninsured rate is highest for Hispanics, who are uninsured at over two times the rate as Whites. In 2022, the uninsured rate for Hispanics was 22%, 11% for African Americans, 7% for Asians, and 8% for Whites.

ADDITIONAL DATA ON DASHBOARD WEBSITE

Please visit the drilldown section of our website for:

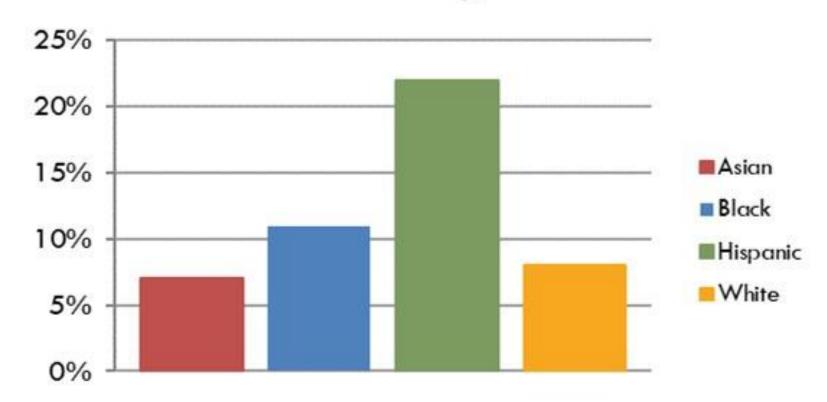
- uninsured rate by race/ethnicity
- uninsured rate by economic status
- access to employer-based health insurance dashboard.canatx.org



Learn about collaborative projects and initiatives aimed at addressing issues relating to access to health insurance by visiting this website.

*The US Census Bureau did not release 2020 ACS 1-Year data. To estimate the 2020 housing cost burdened rate, the median between the 2019 and 2021 rates was used.

Percent of People Under 65 Who are Uninsured, by Race & Ethnicity, Travis County, 2022



Source: Tables B27001B, B27001D, B27001H, B27001I 2021 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates



29%

of Travis County adults

ARE OBESE

WHERE DO WE STAND?

An estimated 28.5% of adults in Travis County were obese in 2022 compared to 29.4% in 2018. Travis County's obesity rate is still lower than the MSA's, the state of Texas' and the nation's obesity rates.

In 2022, the following demographics in Travis County experienced higher rates of obesity: Hispanic adults; residents who are between the ages of 30 to 44; people who earn less than \$25,000 per year; and high school graduates without postsecondary education.

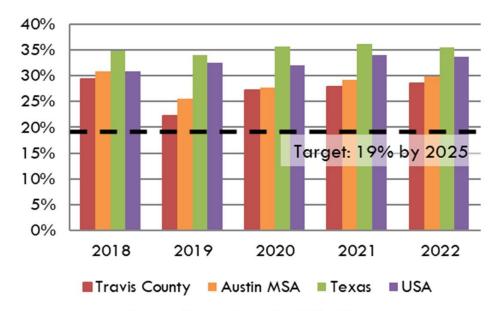
ADDITIONAL DATA ON DASHBOARD WEBSITE

Please visit the drilldown section of our website for:

- obesity by employment status
- obesity by disability status
- obesity by sexual orientation

dashboard.canatx.org

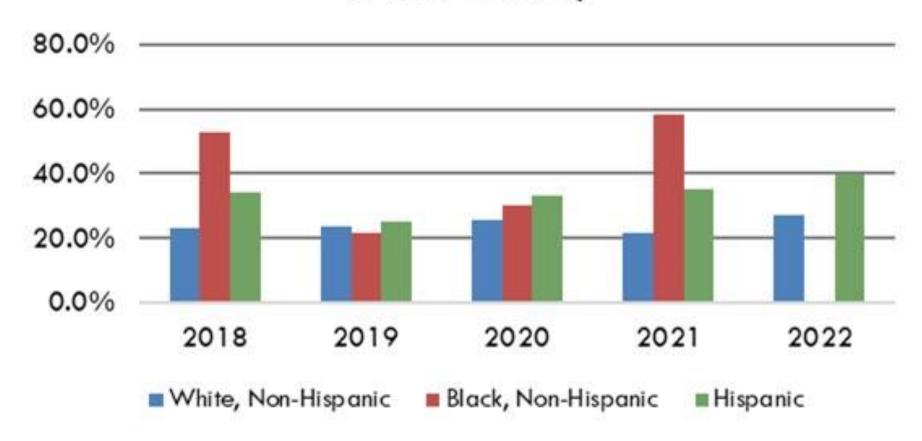
Percent of Adults who are Obese



Source: Texas Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System and Austin Public Health

Learn about collaborative projects and initiatives aimed at addressing issues relating to obesity by visiting this website.

Obesity, by Race & Ethnicity, Travis County



Source: Texas Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) and Austin Public Health

WE ACHIEVE OUR FULL POTENTIAL



- We have the education, skills and opportunities to achieve our full potential and lead meaningful, joyful lives.
- We have adequate income, resources, and supports to live independent lives.

	5 YEAR BASELINE	MOST RECENT	TARGET	5 YEAR TREND	ON TRACK TO TARGET?
Percent of kindergarteners who are school ready	41% in 2015-16	50% in 2019-20	70% by 2023	BETTER	N
Percent of students who graduate from high school in four years	91% Class of 2018	91% Class of 2022	95% Class of 2023	UNCHANGED	N
Percent of Central Texas HS Grads Who Enrolled in a Texas Institution Within One Year of Graduating, and Earn a Credential Within 6 Years	53% Class of 2013	58% Class of 2017	55% Class of 2017 (by 2023)	BETTER	Y
Annual unemployment rate	2.6% in 2019	3.2% in 2023	3.5% in 2025	WORSE	Y



WE ACHIEVE OUR FULL POTENTIAL





91%

of Central Texas students GRADUATE FROM HIGH SCHOOL

WHERE DO WE STAND?

The four-year high school graduation rate for the Class of 2022 was 91%. This indicator has remained essentially unchanged over the past 8 years. However, Central Texas has maintained a higher graduation rate than the State since 2013.

Although disparities exist by race and ethnicity, the gap has closed over the last ten years, and most racial and ethnic groups have seen improvements. Black students and Hispanic Students have seen graduation rates improve from 84% for the Class of 2013 to 85% for the Class of 2022.

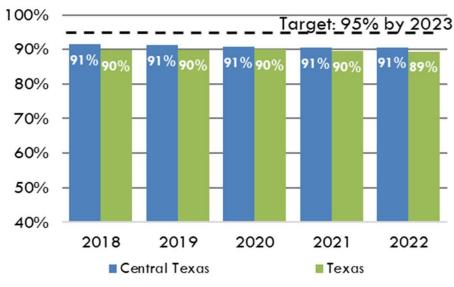
ADDITIONAL DATA ON DASHBOARD WEBSITE

Please visit the drilldown section of our website for:

- graduation rate by race and income status
- comparisons between local school districts

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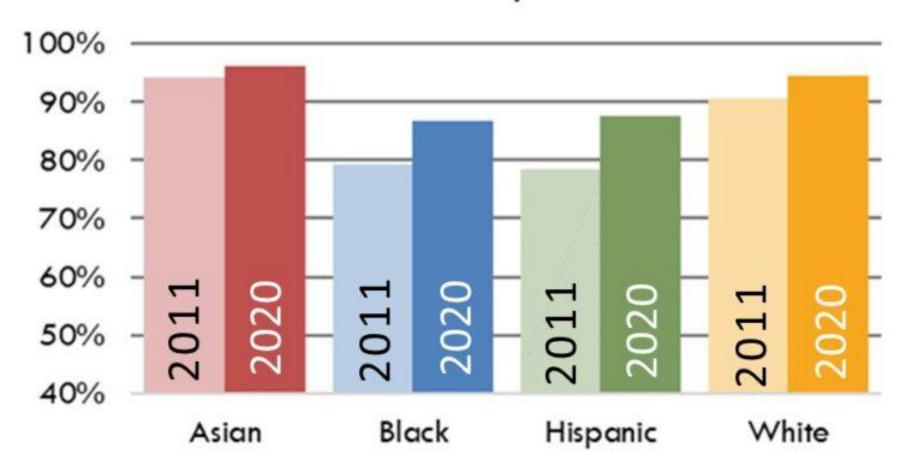
Four-Year High School Graduation Rate



Source: E³ Alliance

Learn about collaborative projects and initiatives aimed at addressing issues relating to high school success by visiting this website.

Central Texas Graduation Rate by Race & Ethnicity



Source: E³ Alliance, Texas Education Agency



WE ACHIEVE OUR FULL POTENTIAL

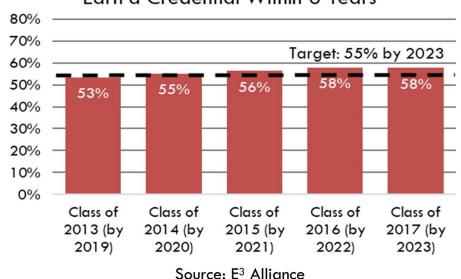




58% of college students who enrolled in a Texas

Institution within one year of graduating EARN A CREDENTIAL WITHIN 6 YEARS

Central Texas HS Graduates Who Directly Enroll in a Texas Institution and Earn a Credential Within 6 Years



Learn about collaborative projects and initiatives aimed at addressing issues relating to postsecondary success by visiting this website.

WHERE DO WE STAND?

Fifty eight percent of Central Texas students who enroll in a Texas college or university within one year of graduating from high school in 2017 earned a post- secondary credential within six years (by 2023). Students who attended college out of state are not included in the data.

Black HS graduates and Hispanic HS graduates achieved this postsecondary completion measure at lower rates than Asian or White students. For the Class of 2017, 39% of Black and 45% of Hispanic high school graduates completed a postsecondary education program within six years, compared to 81% of Asian and 67% of White students.

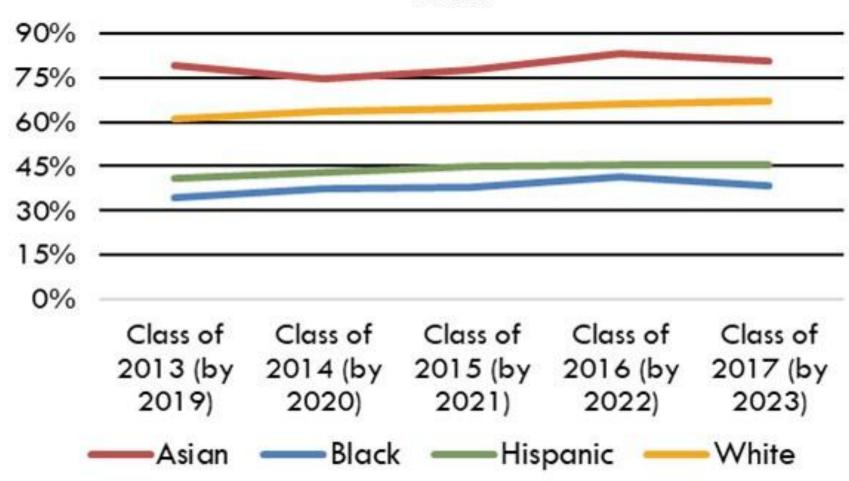
ADDITIONAL DATA ON DASHBOARD WEBSITE

Please visit the drilldown section of our website for:

- postsecondary success by race and income
- where local students go to college

dashboard.canatx.org

Central Texas HS Grads Who Enrolled in a Texas Institution Within One Year of Graduating, and Earn a Credential Within 6 Years



Source: E³ Alliance, Texas Education Agency





DAN BROWN

DATA AND EVALUATION MANAGER







ALISON BENTLEY
VICE PRESIDENT OF DATA AND EVALUATION

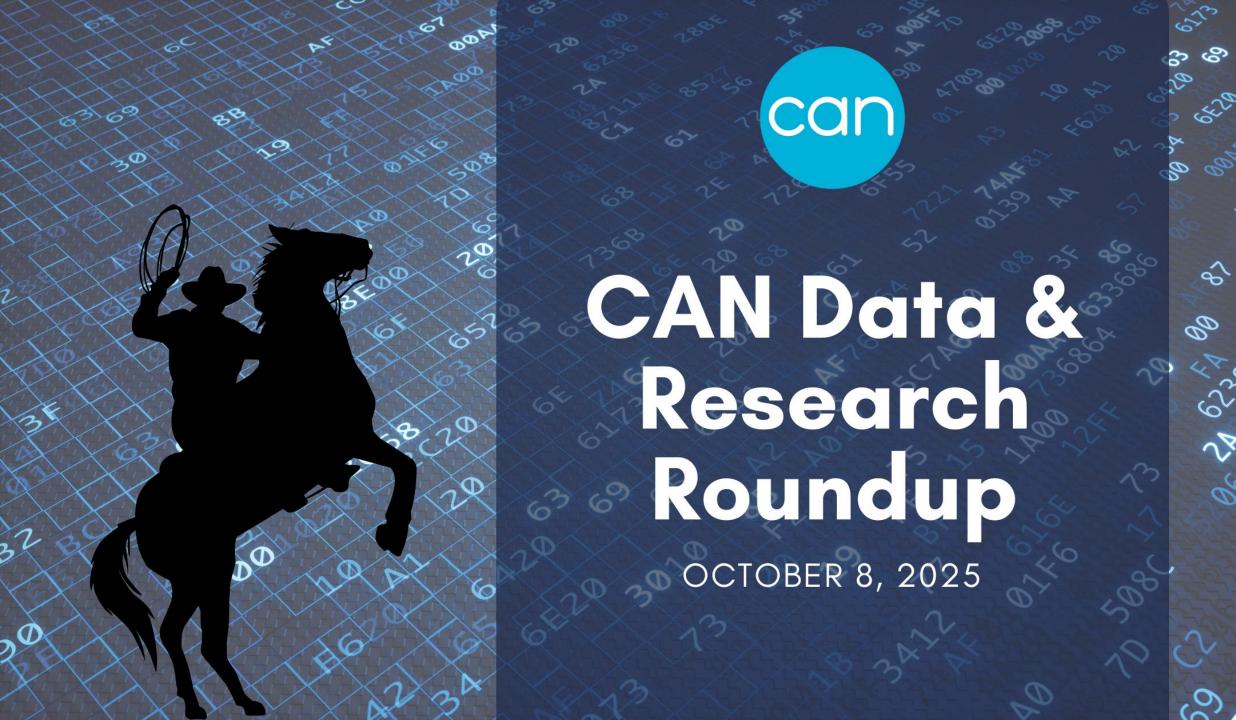




Community Health Improvement Plan

SHIRLEY ALDANA
BUSINESS PROCESS SPECIALIST





THANK YOU FOR PARTICIPATING! QUESTIONS???

PLEASE INVITE US TO PRESENT ON THE CAN DASHBOARD OR OTHER CAN RESOURCES

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Community Advancement Network

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